



Employment in Idaho continues to rise, but the pace of growth has started to taper. The addition of 22,400 jobs over the past 12 months represents a growth rate of 2.8%.

Idaho's unemployment rate in June was 2.5%, which is down from 3.7% a year ago and the lowest it's been since records started being kept in 1976.

Although jobs are being added at a slower pace, I am not concerned given the current unemployment rate.

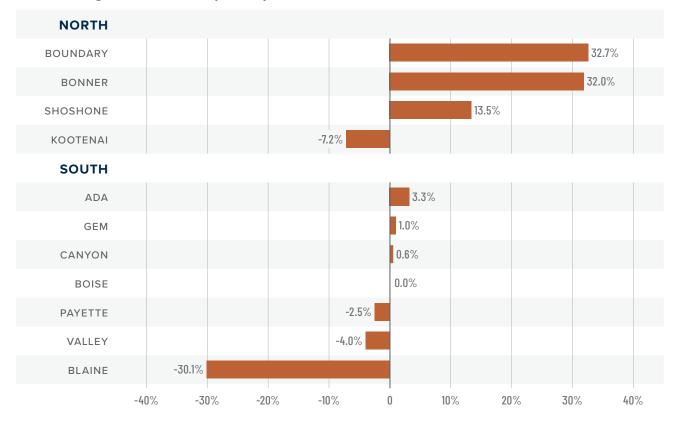
Home Sales



In the second quarter of 2022, 6,403 homes sold, representing an annual growth rate of .8%. Sales were 23.5% higher than in the first quarter of 2022.

- Listing activity was up more than 90% compared to a year ago, and the average number of homes on the market was 164% higher than in the first quarter.
- Compared to the same period a year ago, sales rose in Boundary, Bonner, and Shoshone counties in the northern part of the state and were higher in Ada, Gem, and Canyon counties in Southern Idaho. Sales rose from the first quarter of 2022 in all counties except Payette, though that market saw only three fewer transactions.
- Pending sales were 4.4% higher than in the first quarter of the year. It appears that buyers are taking advantage of greater choice in the market.

Annual Change in Home Sales by County / Q2 2021 to Q2 2022



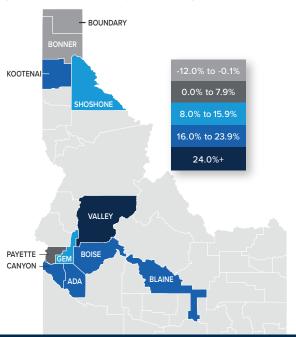


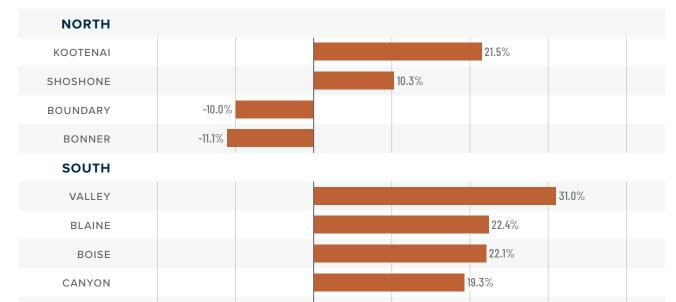
Home Prices



Annual Change in Home Sale Prices by County / Q2 2021 to Q2 2022

- The average home price in the region rose 15.6% year over year to \$643,954. Sale prices were 5.1% higher than in first quarter of the year.
- Compared to the first quarter of 2022, prices were higher in Kootenai and Shoshone counties in the north, and all but Gem and Blaine counties in the southern part of the state.
- Prices rose by double digits in Kootenai and Shoshone counties but fell in Boundary and Bonner counties. Sale prices were higher than a year ago in all the southern counties contained in this report. In aggregate, home prices rose 2% in the Northern Idaho counties in this report and were 19.8% higher in the southern counties.
- I have been watching list prices, as they are a leading indicator of the health of the housing market. In second quarter, they rose in every county other than Boundary in the Northern Idaho markets, but the southern counties of Valley, Ada, Boise, and Canyon all had lower median list prices than in the previous quarter. This suggests that the rapid pace of price growth in the area may be starting to slow.





Mortgage Rates

ADA

GEM

PAYETTE



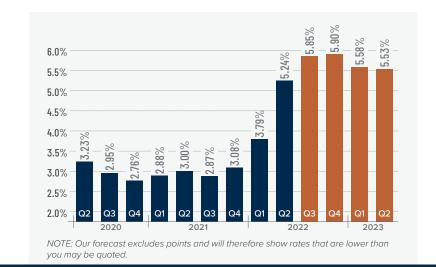
40%

Although mortgage rates did drop in June, the quarterly trend was still moving higher. Inflation—the bane of bonds and, therefore, mortgage rates—has yet to slow, which is putting upward pressure on financing costs.

-20%

-10%

That said, there are some signs that inflation is starting to soften and if this starts to show in upcoming Consumer Price Index numbers then rates will likely find a ceiling. I am hopeful this will be the case at some point in the third quarter, which is reflected in my forecast.



17.3%

20%

30%

10.7%

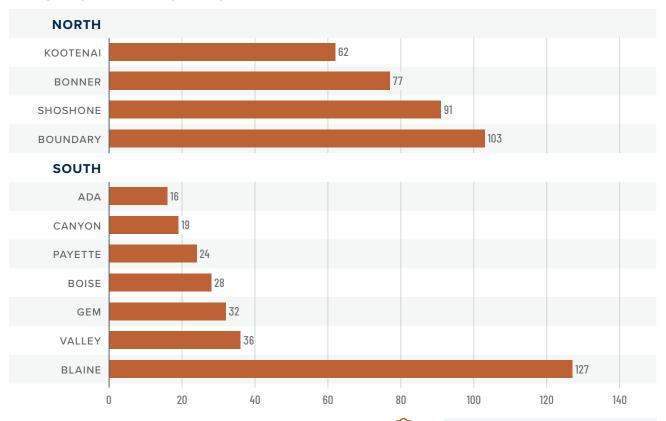
7.0%

10%

Days on Market

Average Days on Market by County / Q2 2022

- The average number of days it took to sell a home in the region matched the second quarter of 2021 but fell seven days compared to the first quarter of the year.
- In Northern Idaho, days on market rose in all counties except Kootenai compared to a year ago. Market time rose in every county other than Valley and Blaine in Southern Idaho.
- It took an average of 83 days to sell a home in Northern Idaho and 40 days in the southern part of the state covered by this report.
- Homes again sold the fastest in Ada County in the southern part of the state and in Kootenai County in Northern Idaho.



Conclusions

The economy continues to grow, albeit at a slower pace than over the past 18 months, and the labor market is still healthy. Even though the number of homes for sale has jumped significantly, which normally favors buyers, demand appears to still be robust.

With list prices continuing to rise, sellers are clearly confident even as financing costs continue to increase. That said, the pace of price growth is slowing but overall sellers are still in control.

Given all the aforementioned factors, I have left the needle in the same position as last quarter. Even though the market is doing well, slipping list prices in several Southern Idaho counties suggest that those markets may have found a price ceiling. Even so, sellers remain in the driver's seat.



This speedometer reflects the state of the region's real estate market using housing inventory, price gains, home sales, interest rates, and larger economic factors.

About Matthew Gardner

As Chief Economist for Windermere Real Estate, Matthew Gardner is responsible for analyzing and interpreting economic data and its impact on the real estate market on both a local and national level.

Matthew has over 30 years of professional experience both in the U.S. and U.K.



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